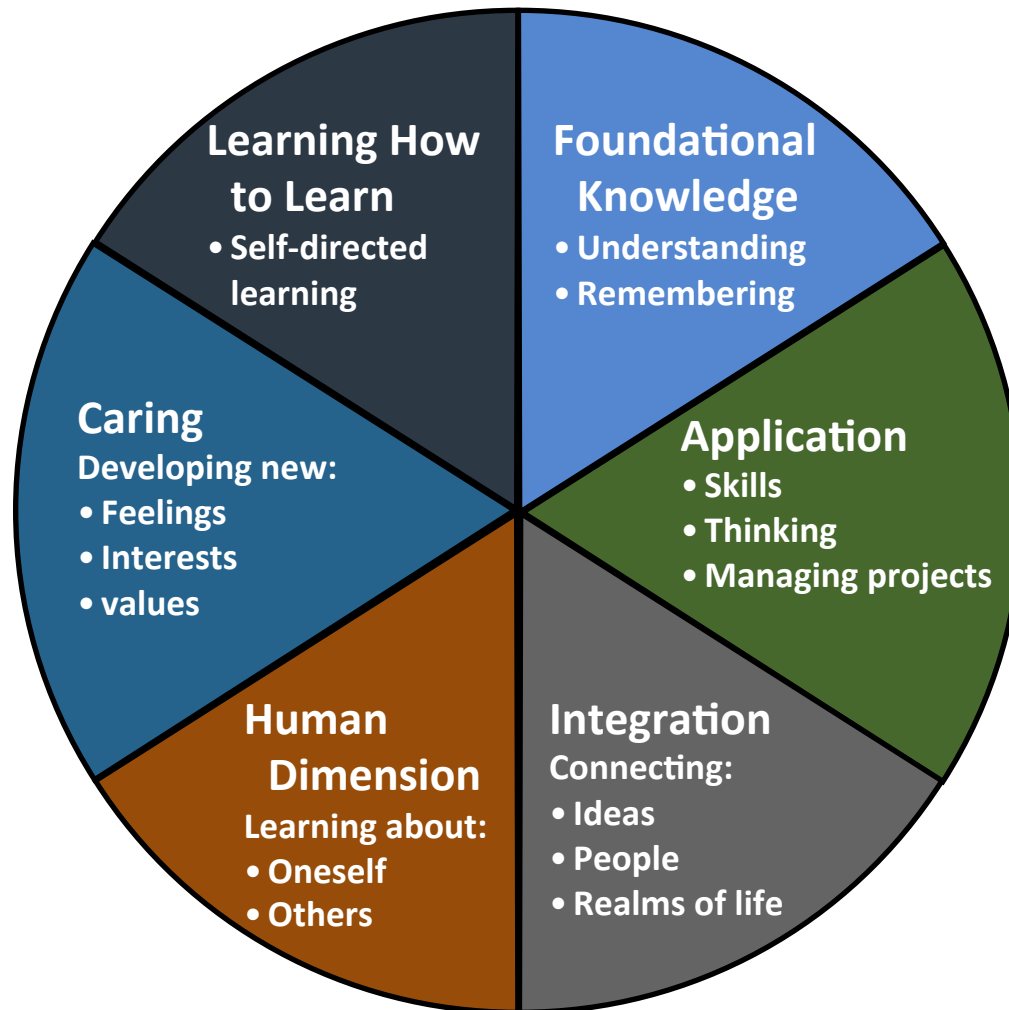


<b>Learning Objective</b>	<b>Learning Outcome</b>	<b>Taxonomy Category</b>	<b>Learning Activities</b>	<b>Formative Assessments</b>	<b>Summative Assessment</b>

The Knowledge Dimension	The Cognitive Dimension					
	1. Remember	2. Understand	3. Apply	4. Analyze	5. Evaluate	6. Create
A. Factual						
B. Conceptual						
C. Procedural						
D. Meta-Cognitive						

# Learning Taxonomies – Fink



# The Cognitive Processes Dimension

lower order thinking skills → higher order thinking skills

remember	understand	apply	analyze	evaluate	create
recognizing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• identifying</li> </ul> recalling <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• retrieving</li> </ul>	interpreting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• clarifying</li> <li>• paraphrasing</li> <li>• representing</li> <li>• translating</li> </ul> exemplifying <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• illustrating</li> <li>• instantiating</li> </ul> classifying <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• categorizing</li> <li>• subsuming</li> </ul> summarizing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• abstracting</li> <li>• generalizing</li> </ul> inferring <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• concluding</li> <li>• extrapolating</li> <li>• interpolating</li> <li>• predicting</li> </ul> comparing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• contrasting</li> <li>• mapping</li> <li>• matching</li> </ul> explaining <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• constructing models</li> </ul>	executing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• carrying out</li> </ul> implementing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• using</li> </ul>	differentiating <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• discriminating</li> <li>• distinguishing</li> <li>• focusing</li> <li>• selecting</li> </ul> organizing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• finding coherence</li> <li>• integrating</li> <li>• outlining</li> <li>• parsing</li> <li>• structuring</li> </ul> attributing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• deconstructing</li> </ul>	checking <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• coordinating</li> <li>• detecting</li> <li>• monitoring</li> <li>• testing</li> </ul> critiquing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• judging</li> </ul>	generating <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• hypothesizing</li> </ul> planning <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• designing</li> </ul> producing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• constructing</li> </ul>

(Table 2 adapted from Anderson and Krathwohl, 2001, pp. 67–68.)

# The Knowledge Dimension

concrete knowledge		abstract knowledge	
factual	conceptual	procedural	metacognitive*
knowledge of terminology knowledge of specific details and elements	knowledge of classifications and categories knowledge of principles and generalizations knowledge of theories, models, and structures	knowledge of subject-specific skills and algorithms knowledge of subject-specific techniques and methods knowledge of criteria for determining when to use appropriate procedures	strategic knowledge knowledge about cognitive tasks, including appropriate contextual and conditional knowledge self-knowledge

These Dimensions can be combined to form a matrix

A statement of a **learning objective** contains a **verb** (an action) and an **object** (usually a noun).

- The **verb** generally refers to [actions associated with] the intended **cognitive process**.
- The **object** generally describes the **knowledge** students are expected to acquire or construct. (Anderson and Krathwohl, 2001, pp. 4–5)

In this model, each of the colored blocks shows an example of a learning objective that generally corresponds with each of the various combinations of the cognitive process and knowledge dimensions.

**Remember:** these are **learning objectives**—not learning *activities*. It may be useful to think of preceding each objective with something like: “Students will be able to . . .”

\*Anderson, L.W. (Ed.), Krathwohl, D.R. (Ed.), Airasian, P.W., Cruikshank, K.A., Mayer, R.E., Pintrich, P.R., Raths, J., & Wittrock, M.C. (2001). *A taxonomy for learning, teaching, and assessing: A revision of Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives* (Complete edition). New York: Longman.



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For additional resources, see:  
[www.celt.iastate.edu/teaching/RevisedBlooms1.html](http://www.celt.iastate.edu/teaching/RevisedBlooms1.html)